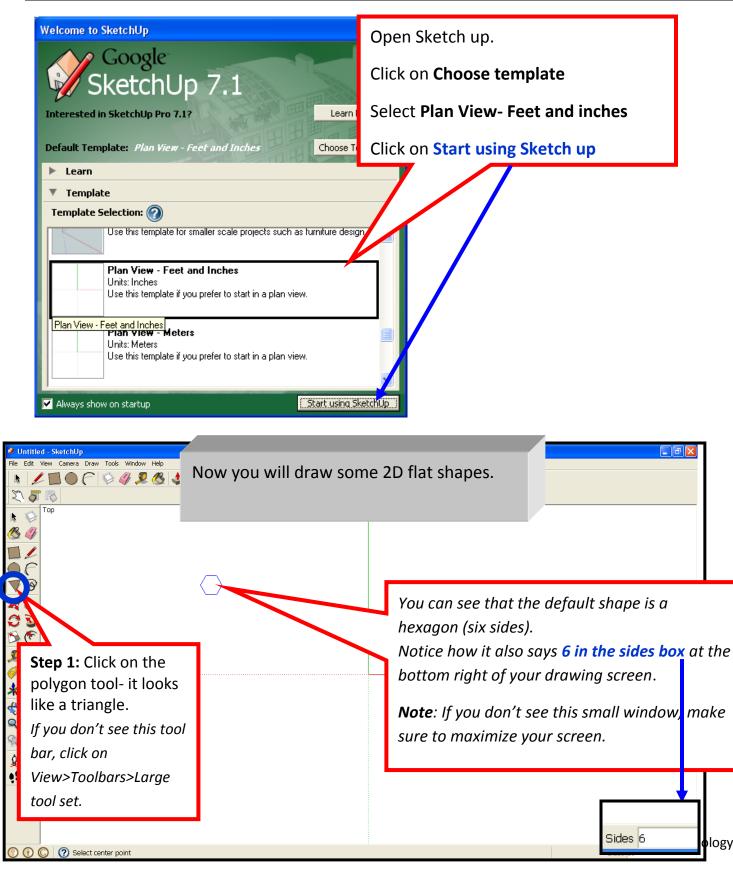
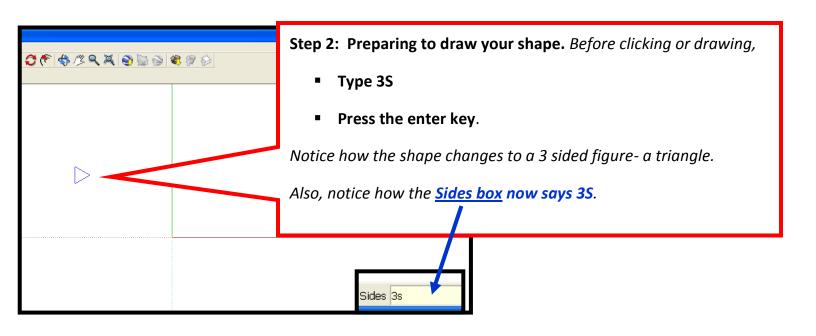
2.7A Describe attributes (the number of vertices, faces, edges, sides) of <u>two</u>- and three-<u>dimensional geometric</u> <u>figures</u> such as circles, <u>polygons</u>, spheres, cones, cylinders, prisms, and pyramids, etc.;

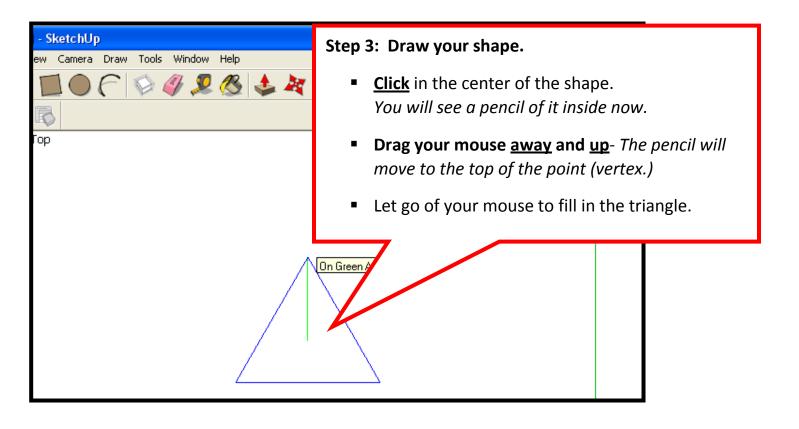
3<sup>rd</sup> grade Use for Review before drawing congruent 2D figures. **3.9A- Identify congruent two-dimensional figures**;



## How to change the number of sides:

**Important:** To change sides- **first take your hands OFF of the mouse-** and do **NOT** click in the Sides box. You will just type and press the enter key- it will replace the 6 automatically.

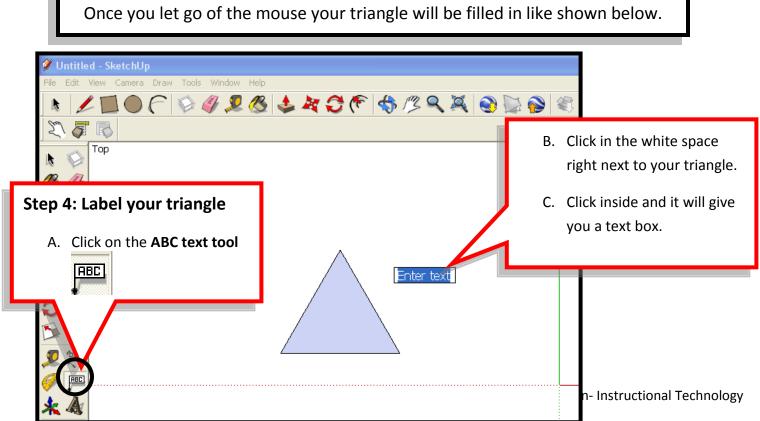




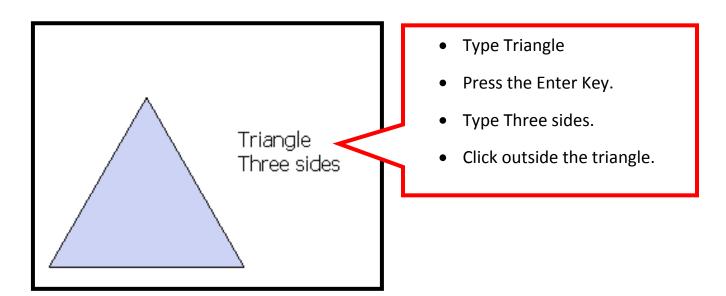
Enrichment Note for Students: Before they let go of the mouse they may have noticed...

## Point out to students: The green line means it is drawing the center of the triangle parallel with the green axis line on the right. Parallel means these two lines will never meet or intersect.

Also notice how the triangle has a vertical line of symmetry because the left and right sides are exactly the same.



## \_



## Now follow Steps 1-4 to draw and label the attributes of the follow shapes:

- Square: Four (4) equal sides
- Rectangle: Four (4) sides
- Pentagon: Five (5) sides
- Hexagon: Six (6) sides
- Octagon: Eight (8) sides

