2.7A Describe attributes (the number of vertices, faces, edges, sides) of two- and three-dimensional geometric figures such as circles, polygons, spheres, cones, cylinders, prisms, and pyramids, etc.;
$3^{\text {rd }}$ grade Use for Review before drawing congruent 2D figures. 3.9A- Identify congruent two-dimensional figures;


How to change the number of sides:
Important: To change sides- first take your hands OFF of the mouse- and do NOT click in the Sides box. You will just type and press the enter key-it will replace the 6 automatically.


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## Step 3: Draw your shape.

- Click in the center of the shape. You will see a pencil of it inside now.
- Drag your mouse away and up- The pencil will move to the top of the point (vertex.)
- Let go of your mouse to fill in the triangle.


Enrichment Note for Students: Before they let go of the mouse they may have noticed...

## Point out to students:

The green line means it is drawing the center of the triangle parallel with the green axis line on the right. Parallel means these two lines will never meet or intersect.


Also notice how the triangle has a vertical line of symmetry because the left and right sides are exactly the same.

Once you let go of the mouse your triangle will be filled in like shown below.



Now follow Steps 1-4 to draw and label the attributes of the follow shapes:

- Square: Four (4) equal sides
- Rectangle: Four (4) sides
- Pentagon: Five (5) sides
- Hexagon: Six (6) sides
- Octagon: Eight (8) sides


Octagon Eight sides

